

We acknowledge the Traditional Owners of the land on which we meet today and pay respect to Elders past and present.

We also extend that respect to Aboriginal and/or Torres Strait Islander people who are with us today.





Housekeeping..



BREAKTHROUGH Our way

QAIHC

Who are we?

The Queensland Aboriginal and Islander Health Council is a peak organisation that is focused on strengthening the capability and capacity of our membership and improving the health status of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Queenslanders.

Why are we important?

We are a vital player in strengthening the capability and capacity of Members and ensuring that an Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander perspective is embedded into health service delivery. We also review government's actions.

What do we do?

The Queensland
Aboriginal and Islander
Health Council advocates,
debates, builds capacity
and links stakeholders
to improve Aboriginal
and Torres Strait Islander
health status.

How do we help?

We provide support services to our Members so that they can achieve greater Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander health outcomes.

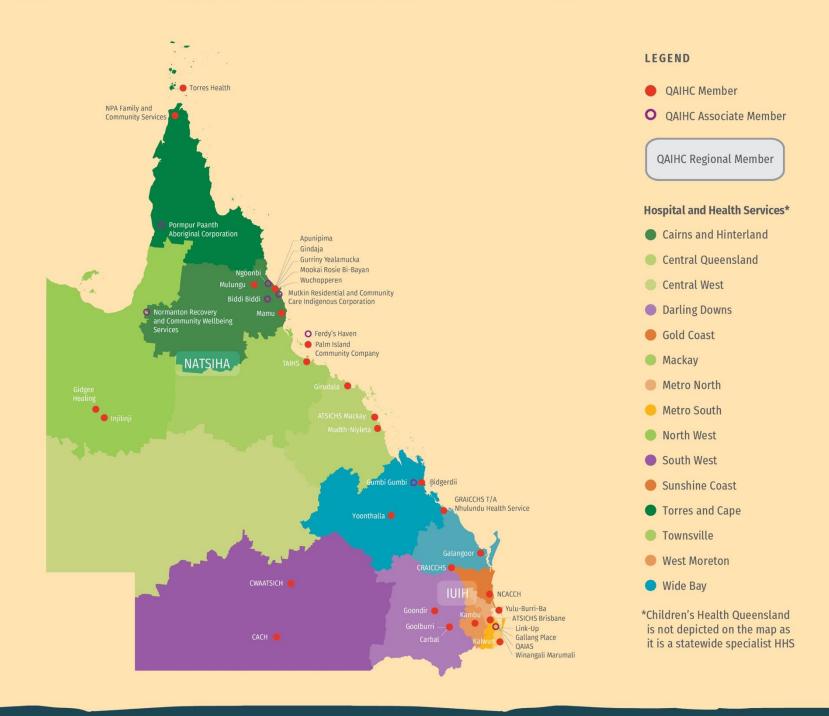






Our Members

- 31 Member Services
- ② 2 Regional Members
- 11 Associate Members
- Over 70 clinics





Getting to know each other...

• What is you name?

- Who are your mob, where are you from?
- What are 3 interesting things about you?





Session overview

Understanding
Alcohol and
Other Drugs

Managing Emotional and Mental Health

Making Change

Support





Things to remember

- Occomplete Confidentiality
- Sharing Stories
- Strong Feelings





Strong and healthy families



BREAKTHROUGH Our way

QAIHC

Session 1: Understanding Alcohol and Other Drugs

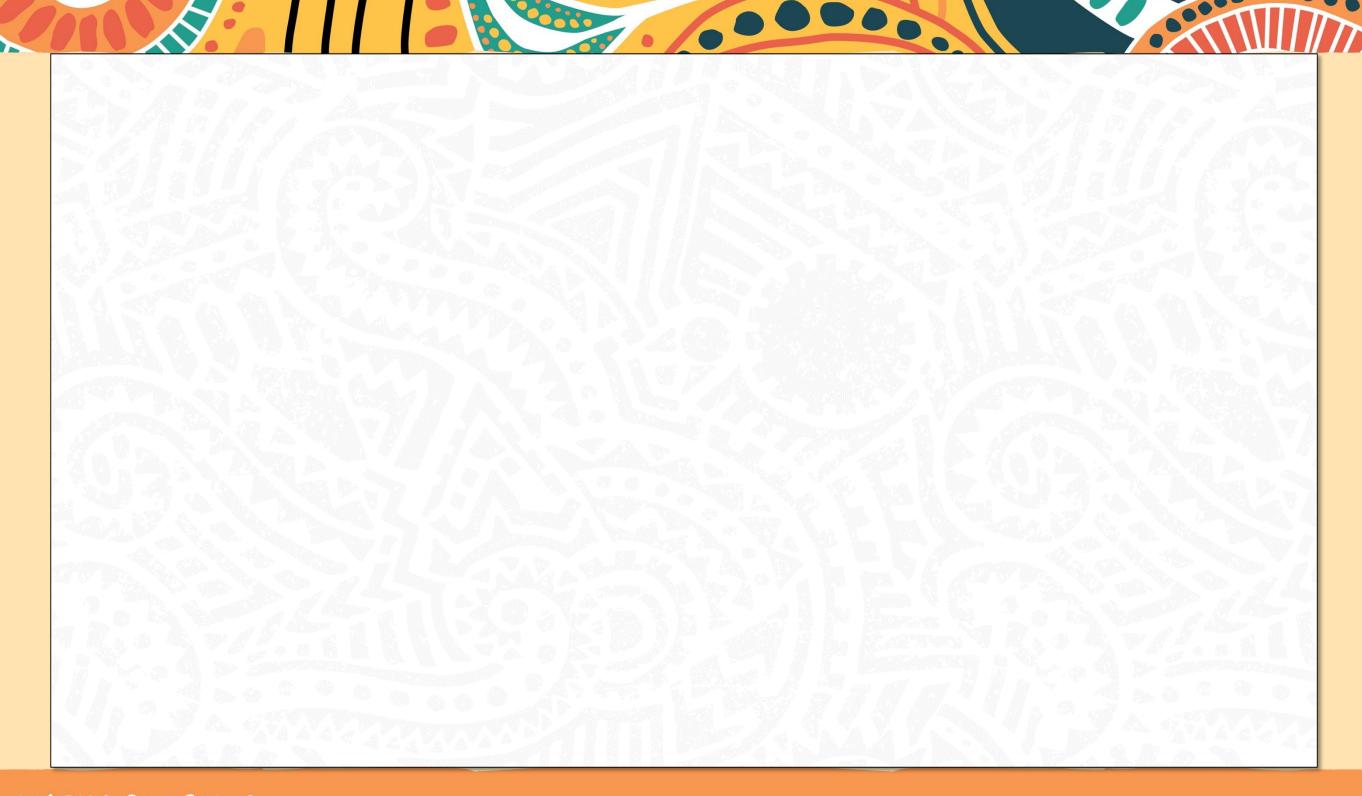


It can be a tough road when a family member is using drugs and alcohol

Drugs and alcohol can affect the way we BEHAVE, THINK and FEEL.







BREAKTHROUGH Our way

QAIHC

Different drugs can have different effects.



DEPRESSANTS

Drugs that slow things down (e.g. alcohol, cannabis, heroin)



STIMULANTS

Drugs that speed things up (e.g. caffeine, methamphetamine)



HALLUCINOGENS

Drugs that can make us see and hear things (e.g. LSD, magic mushrooms)

Different drugs have different effects on people.

Drugs may be illegal (e.g. cannabis, amphetamines, ecstasy, cocaine and heroin) **or legal** (e.g. alcohol, caffeine, nicotine and prescribed or over-the-counter medications).





What do you call drugs and alcohol?



Alcohol Grog Charge



Tobacco Smokes Durri



Cannabis Yarndi Gunja



Meth Speed Ice



Heroin



Ecstasy Cocaine



LSD Magic Mushrooms Acid trip



Petrol
Paint
Glue
Sniffing
Chroming



Prescription Medications (Valium, Endone etc)



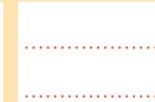
















Looking at Meth/Ice a little closer

All are methamphetamine, but vary in strength:



Powder (like beer)



Base (like wine)

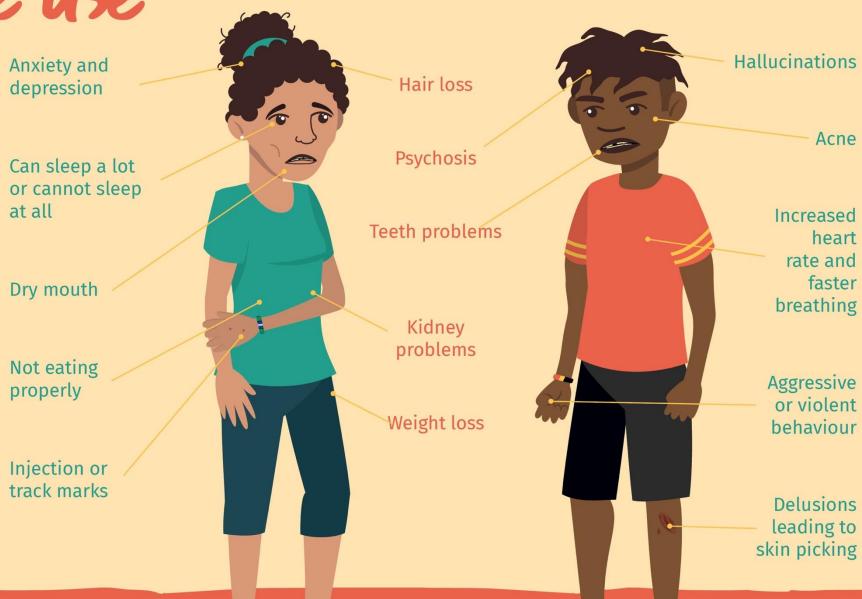


Crystal (like spirits)



Effects of ice use

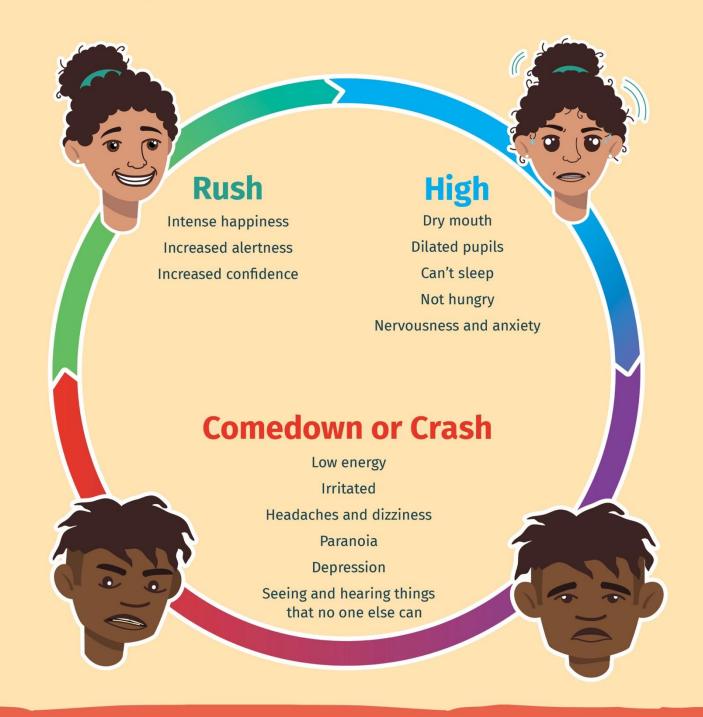
What are the negative short-term and long-term effects of ice use?







Cycle of ice use





Session 2: Managing Emotional and Mental Health





When drugs and alcohol affect our family



...it might be a sign that the person is reliant on that drug



Ask yourself, why?











Whatever the drug

Try to understand
why the family member
is using the drug.
What does it do
for them?

For them, the drug may not necessarily be "the problem" but actually a "way to cope"

Try and support the person to help them find a healthy way to cope...





Remember, the way we see things can be different

The way you might see things

That's silly and dangerous

They are copying everyone else/following the crowd

They don't care about what they are doing to everybody else

Why?

The way they could see things

I'm alright... I'm fine... I'm good

Everyone's doing it – it's how I fit in

I'm just doing my own thing

Why Not!?





Orug use and mental health

Mental health

_____ It can be hard to know which came first

Drug use

Drug use can cause or trigger mental health problems...

OR

Someone might use drugs to help deal with an existing mental health problem





Psychosis

WHAT IS IT?

Having really mixed-up and strange thoughts, hearing voices and seeing things that no one else can... this could be **psychosis**.



WHAT CAN IT LOOK LIKE?

- Talking confused not making any sense
- Feeling afraid for no reason
- O Getting really stressed out and paranoid about everything
- Thinking they have super human powers
- Trouble sleeping
- Doing strange things like digging holes or running away



Managing aggressive or agitated hehaviour







How to respond

Managing aggressive or agitated behaviour

Avoid arguments Keep a safe distance

Avoid physical

Speak in a low, controlled voice

contact

Avoid quick movements or moving suddenly towards the person

Avoid stirring or teasing

Minimise direct eye contact



How to respond

Managing aggressive or agitated behaviour

Now isn't the time to disagree or argue

Be reassuring and supportive

Explain to the person what is happening, what you are doing and why you are doing it

Check in with yourself – how are you feeling?

Get help as soon as you can.

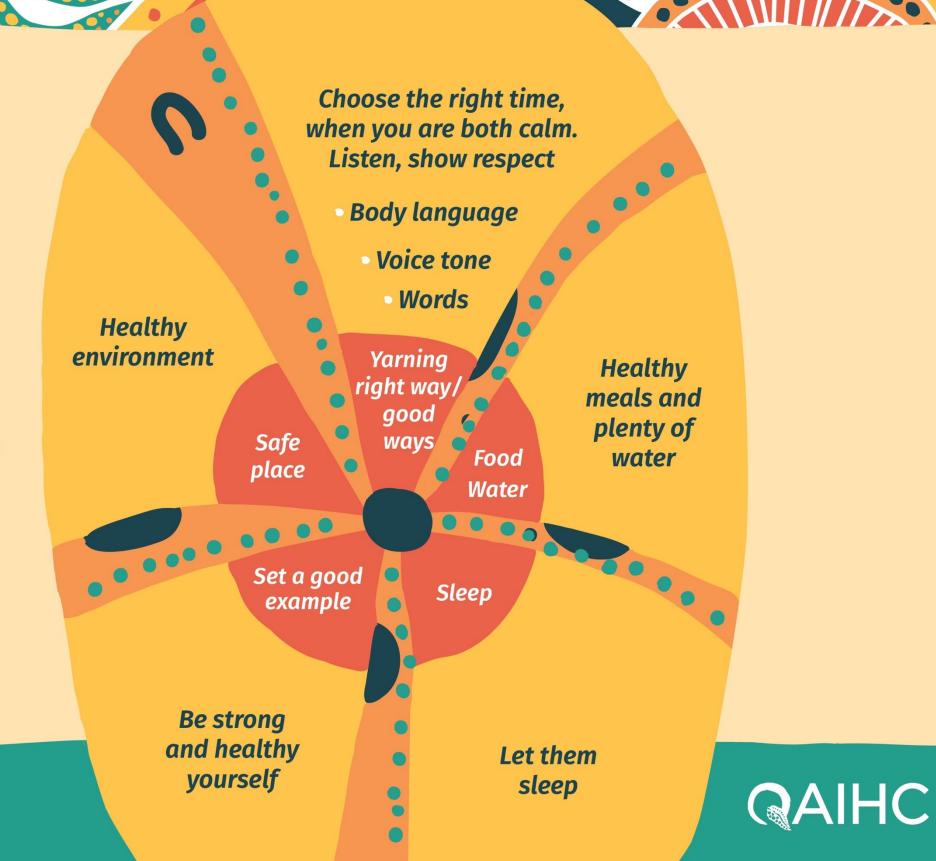
Make sure you look after other people around you.

Try not to take their behaviour personally

Listen to the person



Ways you can help your family member stay safe and healthy

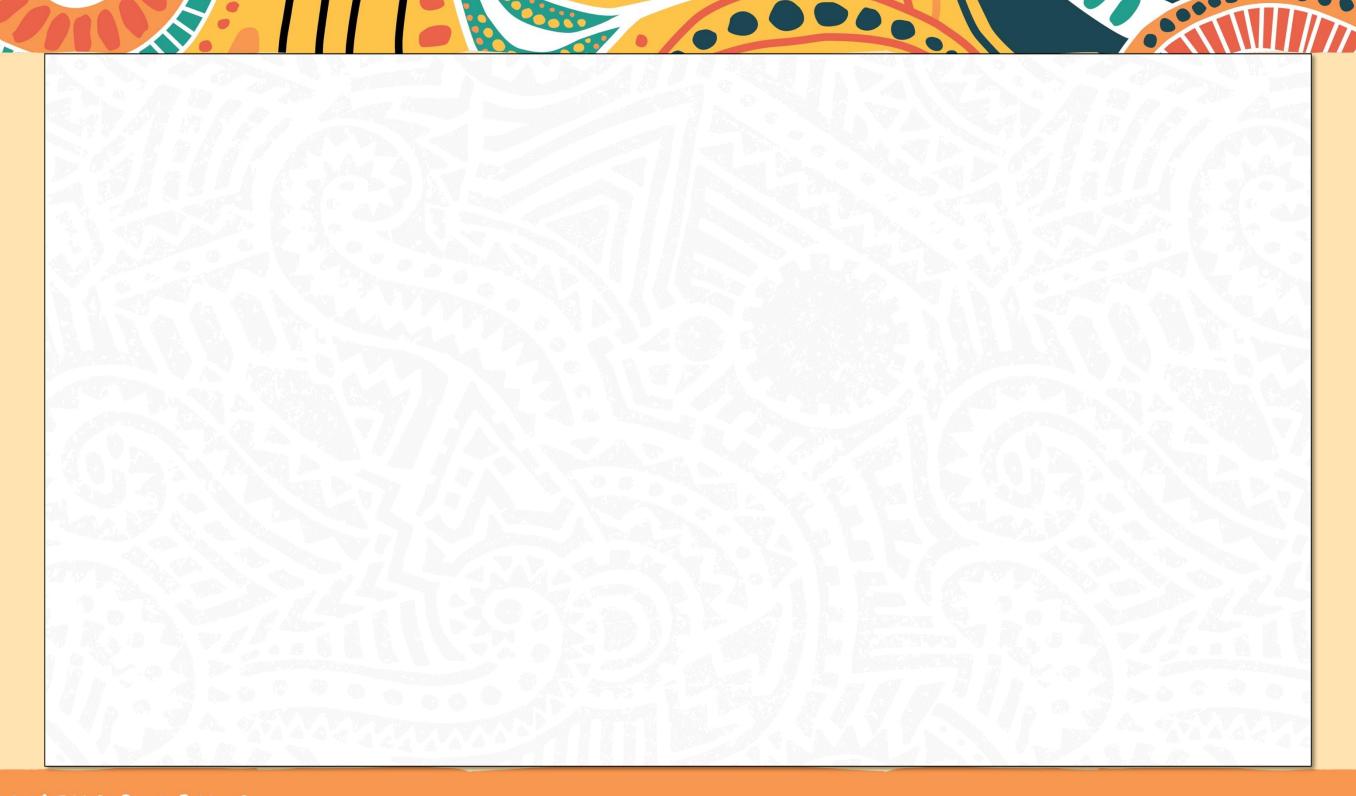


Boundaries











Responding to critical incidents

Medical emergency

When someone is having a bad reaction to the substance they have taken



Making a safety plan will help you to respond to a crisis or get to safety quicker.

Substance-induced psychosis

Having really mixed-up and strange thoughts, hearing voices and seeing things that no one else can see







In summary

Ensure your safety

Be clear what you need



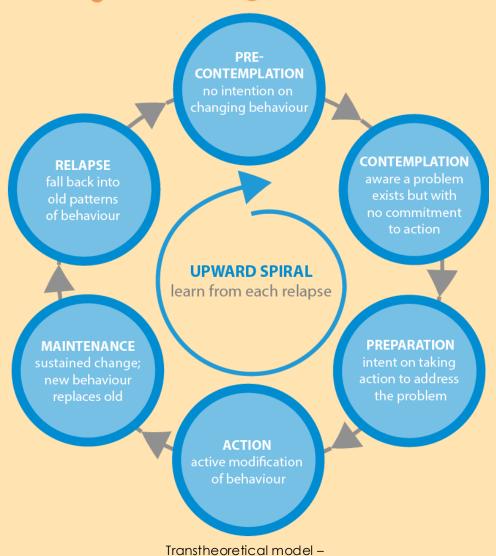




Session 3: Making Change



Stages of change



Prochaska & DiClemente (1984)

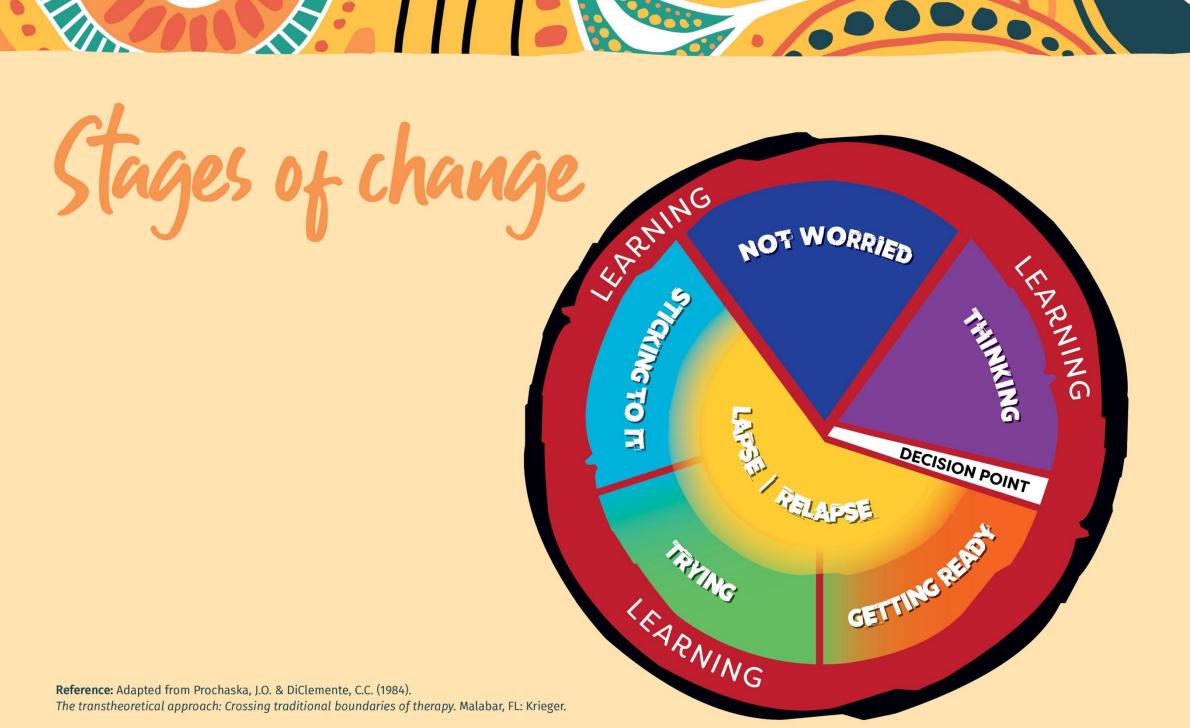
Not womed ... Thinking...

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Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Stages of Change Story – Northern Territory Government (2000)













QAIHC

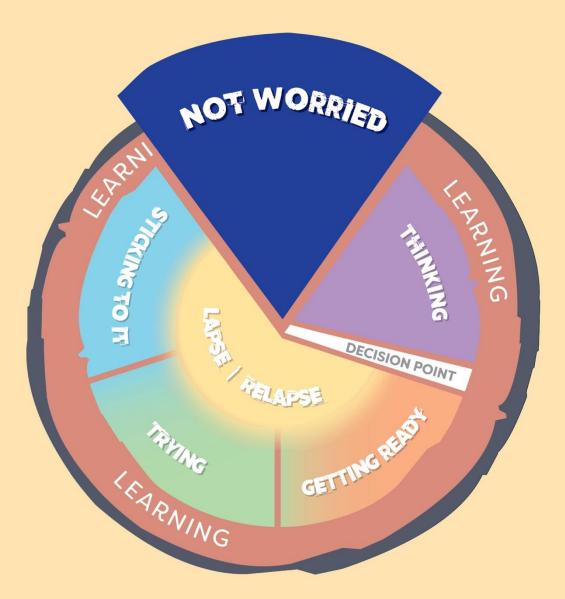
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The person is not ready for change, which can cause conflict and chaos.

Families often feel scared, and angry.

WHAT YOU CAN DO?

Build on your relationship. Avoid arguing and growling, learn about the drug. Look at ways to help keep them safe.









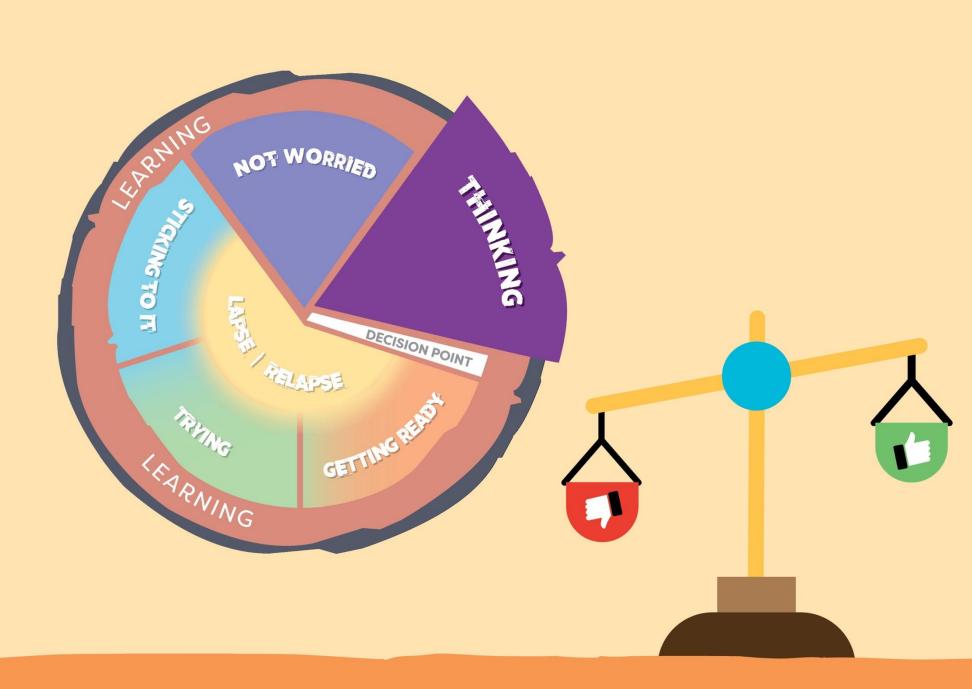
Thinking

The person is starting to notice problems. The positives of their substance use still outweighs the negatives.

Families often feel frustrated, or that they are being lied to.

WHAT YOU CAN DO?

Keep yarning with them. Keep the relationship strong. Do not rush them. Accept they may not be ready just yet, but let them know that change is possible. Be supportive.





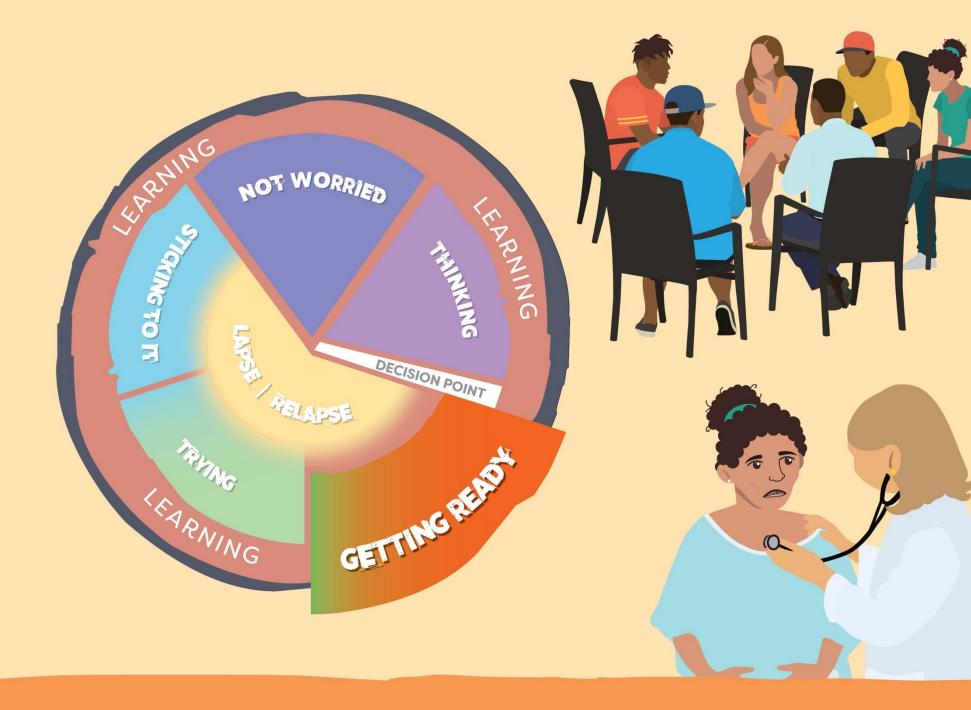


Getting ready

The person has decided that they want to make change soon and have started preparing themselves.

WHAT YOU CAN DO?

Encourage and respect their decision to make change. Support them by providing information and connections to support services.







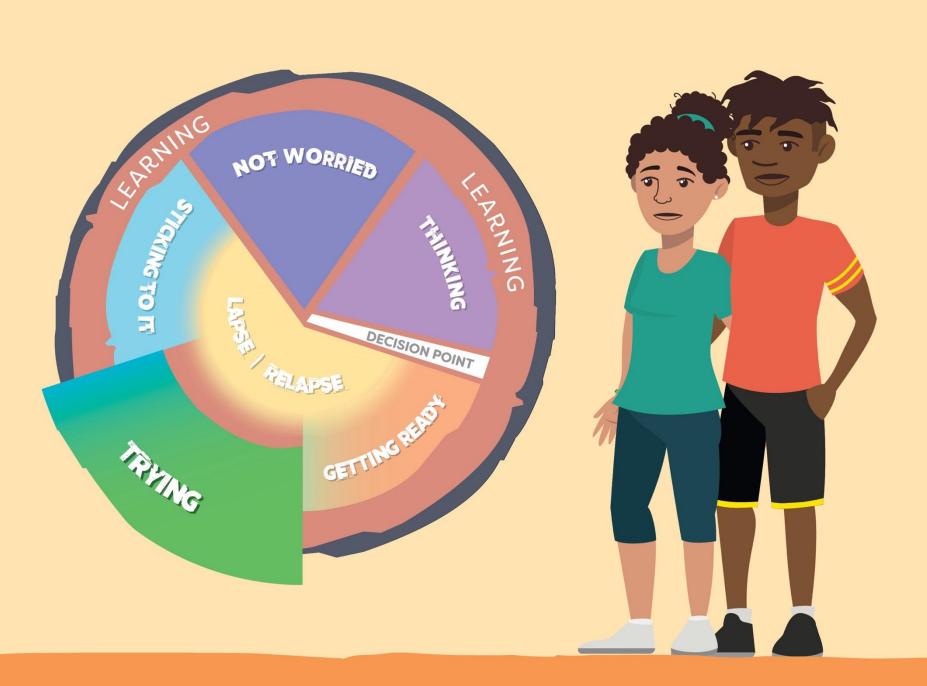
Trying

The person has decided that they want to make change, one step at a time.

WHAT YOU CAN DO?

Acknowledge the steps they have taken towards healing and the strength its taken to get here, reminding them you believe in them and how important they are to the family.

Help them with problem solving, encourage them to stay focused on their goals by keeping them busy. Stay connected and supportive.





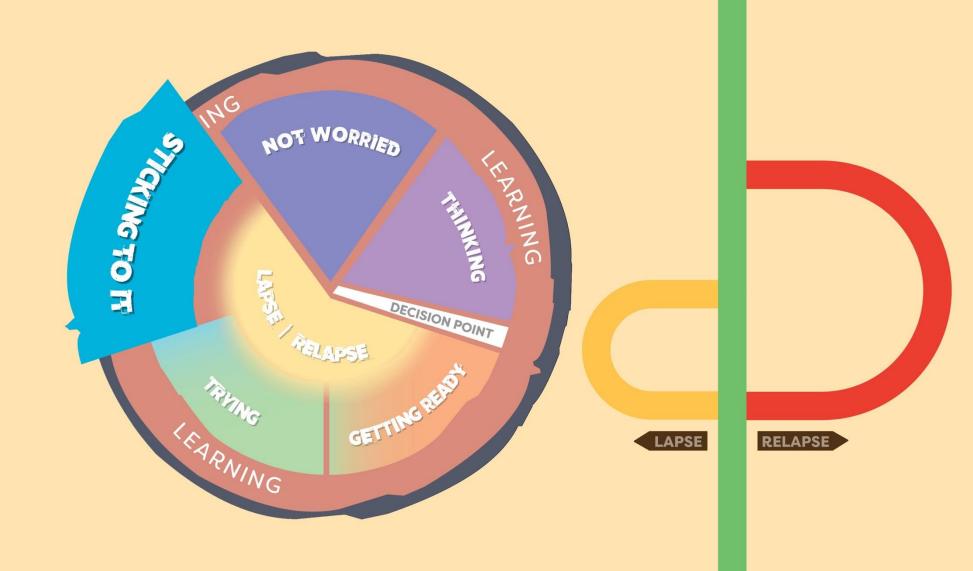


Sticking to it

The person is making the change. Everyone is feeling hopeful and nervous, this is shaky ground.

WHAT YOU CAN DO?

Acknowledge the steps they have taken towards healing and the strength its taken to get here. Help keep them busy (e.g. return to country and cultural practice, self-reflection, good food, exercise, music and hobbies).





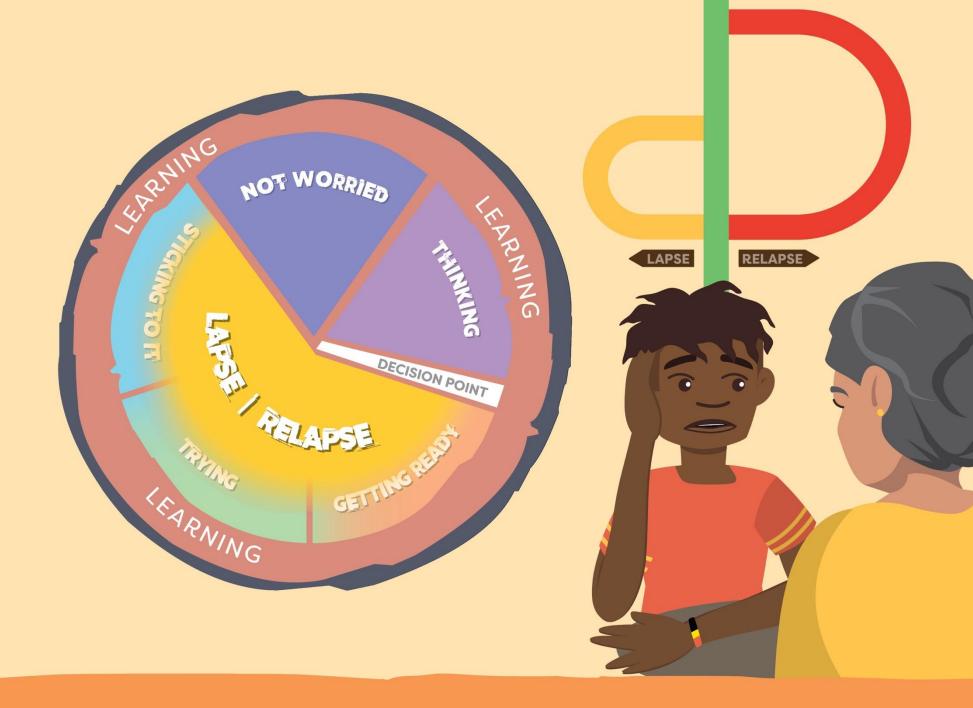


Lapse or relapse

Understand lapse, and relapse is part of their healing journey.

WHAT YOU CAN DO?

Be non-judgmental and supportive to keep them on track.













Session 4: Support

The good news - there IS hope

- People do cut back or quit
- People do heal and return to family
- Melp is available
- Treatment works

The evidence shows that when families are involved in treatment, the outcomes are better for everyone





Treatment and support

Help is available and there are a number of different treatment options.









It is important to remember that treatment services are voluntary.





Treatment journey





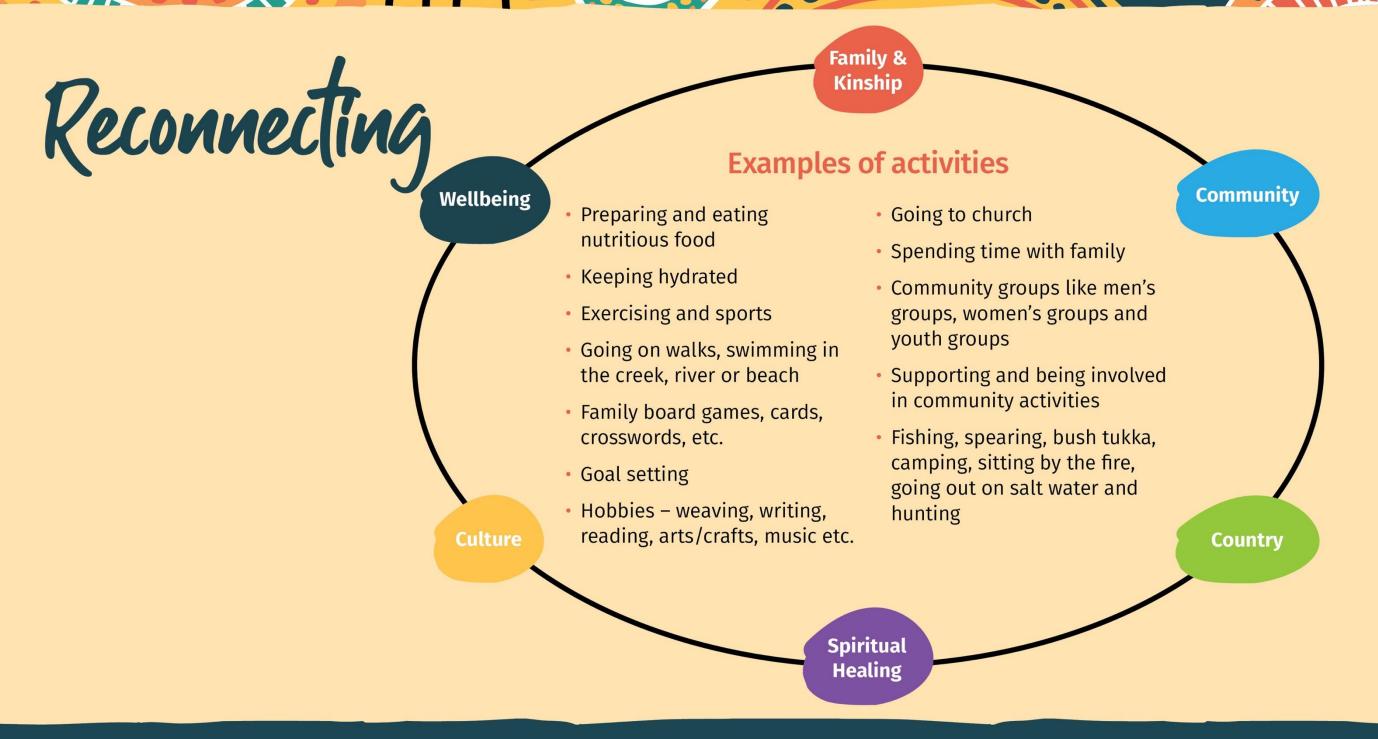


Looking after yourself











Supporting our young people

Safe Place, Safe People, Feel Safe

Children have the right to be and FEEL safe and protected

WE all need to look out for our young people and keep them safe

Children are
UNSAFE when
exposed to
drug use





Need to talk to someone?



Family or Friends



Health Worker



Aboriginal and Torres
Strait Islander Community
Controlled Service





Where to go for help?

These services, agencies and resources can help families to get support, counselling and practical assistance to support a person and their families impacted by substance use.

Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Community Controlled Services

- Queensland Aboriginal and Islander Health Council (QAIHC) Member and Regional Services: qaihc.com.au
- Young People Ahead (YPA):
 youngpeopleahead.com.au
- Darumbal Community Youth Services Inc: darumbal.org.au

Other Agencies

- Queensland Network of Alcohol and Other Drug Agencies (QNADA): qnada.org.au
- QNADA Service Finder (for specific treatment services across Queensland): qnada.org.au/service-finder
- Queensland Injectors Health Network (QuIHN):
 quihn.org
- ADIS 24/7 Alcohol and Drug Support: adis.health.qld.gov.au/getting-support/find-a-service
- Telephone Advisory Service: cracksintheice.org/ healthprofessionals/advice-for-health-professionals
- Key support services in Australia: cracksintheice.org/ when-and-where-do-i-get-help
- Youth Empowered Towards Independence (YETI):
 yeti.net.au

Useful Resources

- Alcohol and Drug Foundation: adf.org.au
- Drug Aware: drugaware.com.au
- Cracks in the Ice: cracksintheice.org.au
- Positive Choices: positivechoices.org.au
- Indigenous Health InfoNet: healthinfonet.ecu.edu.au
- Insight: insight.qld.edu.au
- Dovetail: dovetail.org.au















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